

**REMARKS**

The allowance of claim 35 and the objection to claim 19 is noted with appreciation.

The present invention is a method of transferring resource related information from a first mobile terminal to a second mobile terminal operating in a wireless communication network and a wireless communication terminal arranged to access to external network resource via a wireless communication network. A method of transferring resource related information from a first mobile terminal 1a to a second mobile terminal 1b operating in a wireless communication network 50 in accordance with an embodiment of the invention comprises the steps of connecting the first terminal to an external communication network 30 for accessing a resource 20; negotiating a communication connection between the first and second mobile terminals; and transferring the resource related information to the second mobile terminal over the communication connection.

Claims 1-3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 12, 16, 20, 21, 24, 25 and 28-31 stand rejected under 35 USC §102 as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,600,918 (Youngs, et al.). It is noted that the Examiner in the listing of the claims in Section 3 of the Office Action did not include claims 21 and 25 but it is noted that the Examiner in the second paragraph of discussion of the claims refers to claims 21 and 25. Therefore, it is understood that the rejection of claims 21 and 25 was intended on grounds of anticipation. These grounds of rejection are traversed for the following reasons.

Each of independent claims 1, 21 and 25, which respectively recite a method of transferring resource related information from a first mobile terminal to a second mobile terminal operating in a wireless communication network and a wireless communication terminal arranged to access an external network resource via a wireless communication network substantively recite the connecting between a first

mobile terminal and a second mobile terminal as recited in claim 1 or a connection between a wireless terminal and another wireless terminal in which the first mobile terminal or the wireless terminal upon selection by a user of information related to a resource which is connected to the first terminal via a wireless communication network negotiates a connection between the first terminal and the second terminal or the terminal and the another terminal followed by the transmission of the information from the resource to the second mobile terminal or the another terminal as recited in claims 21 and 25. This subject matter has no counterpart in Youngs, et al.

Youngs, et al. permit information from a media program provider to be coupled to a source handset 32f for sending transmissions to other handsets either directly if they are located within direct communication proximity to the source handset 32 or indirectly through the wireless network. See column 3, lines 5-29, which while describing the handset 32f as a source handset, there clearly is no disclosure of the aforementioned user selection by a terminal for obtaining information from an external communication network connected to a resource with the information being transferred to the second mobile terminal as recited in the independent claims.

Moreover, there is no basis in the record why a person of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to modify the teachings of Youngs, et al., to arrive at the subject matter of independent claims 1, 21 and 25.

Moreover, dependent claims 2-3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 12, 16, 20, 24 and 28-31 recite further aspects of the present invention which are not anticipated for the reasons set forth above with respect to Youngs, et al.

Moreover, there is no basis in the record why a person of ordinary skill in the art would be led to modify the teachings of Youngs, et al., to arrive at the subject of the aforementioned dependent claims.

Claim 4 stands rejected under 35 USC §103 as being unpatentable over Youngs in view of WO 98/11744 (Kotola). These grounds of rejection are traversed for the following reasons.

Claim 4 further limits claim 2 in reciting that the information selected by the user of the first mobile terminal comprises browser settings for use by the second terminal. The Examiner states that Kotola "discloses wherein the information comprises browser settings, (i.e., reads on conversion and control of URLs e.g., formatting of web page) for use by the second terminal (mobile station) (see page 9, lines 1-17)." It is submitted that the aforementioned portions of page 9 pertain to a discussion of the service center using HTTP and HTML protocols toward the internet network 12. However, it is submitted that a person of ordinary skill in the art would not consider the aforementioned portion of Kotola, et al., to suggest the subject matter of claim 4. If the Examiner persists on the stated grounds of rejection, it is requested that he point out on the record where this subject matter is found.

Claims 7, 8, 14, 15, 22, 23, 26, 27 and 32 stand rejected under 35 USC §103 as being unpatentable over Youngs, et al., in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,584,321 (Coan, et al.). These grounds of rejection are traversed for the following reasons.

Coan has been cited as disclosing the negotiation of the connection includes inherently specifying the bearer to be used in transporting information to the second terminal. However, Coan does not cure the deficiencies noted above with respect to Youngs, et al. Moreover, it is submitted that to the extent a person of ordinary skill in the art would consider the referenced portion of Coan, et al. in column 4, lines 24-51, to pertain to specifying a bearer to be used in transporting information, a person of

ordinary skill in the art would not be led to consider such a teaching to suggest "the negotiation of the connection includes specifying the bearer to be used in transporting the information to the second terminal" in the context of the subject matter of independent claim 1. Similarly, the other areas in which the Examiner has relied upon Coan, et al. are submitted did not suggest to a person of ordinary skill in the art the modification of Youngs, et al. to arrive at the subject matter of the rejected dependent claims.

Claims 17 and 18 under 35 USC §103 as being unpatentable over Youngs, et al., in view of the Applicants Admission of Prior Art as recorded in the specification in the Background of the Invention. However, the discussion of the Wireless Application Protocol in the Applicants' specification would not cure the deficiencies noted above with respect to Youngs, et al.

Claim 34 stands rejected under 35 USC §103 as being unpatentable over Youngs, et al., in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,131,143 (Tayama, et al.). This ground of rejection is traversed for the following reasons.

Tayama, et al. has been cited as disclosing the second mobile terminal is not capable of handling external resource contents. It is submitted that a person of ordinary skill in the art would not consider Tayama, et al. to cure the deficiencies noted above with respect to claim 1 and further would not suggest regarding the subject matter of claim 1 that the second mobile terminal is not capable of handling the external resource contents.

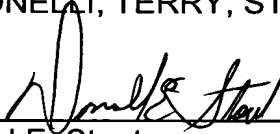
In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, it is submitted that each of the claims in the application is in condition for allowance. Accordingly, early allowance thereof is respectfully requested.

If the Examiner believes that there are any matters which can be resolved by way of either a personal or telephone interview, the Examiner is invited to contact Applicants' undersigned attorney at the number indicated below.

Applicants request any shortage or excess in fees in connection with the filing of this paper, including extension of time fees, and for which no other form of payment is offered, be charged or credited to Deposit Account No. 01-2135 (Case: 0171.40027X00).

Respectfully submitted,

ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP.



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Donald E. Stout  
Registration No. 26,422

DES/vvr  
1300 N. Seventeenth Street  
Suite 1800  
Arlington, Virginia 22209  
Tel: 703-312-6600  
Fax: 703-312-6666

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